# **Biology 2011**

# 1. Which of the following is known as pond silk?

- (a) Spirogyra (b) Ulothrix
- (c) Nostoc (d) Anabaena

#### Ans. (a)

## 2. Which of the following is incorrectly matched?

- (a) Rabbit—Microelcithal, isolecithal
- (b) Frog—Mesolecithal, centrolecithal
- (c) Human—Mesolecithal, ceritrolecithal
- (d) Birds—Macrolecithal, telolecithal

#### Ans. (c)

# 3. In a copulating pair of Pheretima posthuma which of the two processes take place?

- (a) Internal fertilization and reciprocal fertilization
- (b) Cross fertilization and reciprocal fertilization
- (c) Reciprocal fertilization and internal fertilization
- (d) External fertilization and internal fertilization

#### Ans. (b)

#### 4. A student sets up an experiment on photosynthesis as follows:

He takes soda water in a glass tumbler and add achlorophyll extracts into the contents and keeps the tumbler exposed to sunlight hoping that he has provided necessary ingredients for photosynthesis to proceed (viz., CO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O, chlorophyll and light). What do you think what will happen after, say, a few hours of exposure of light?

- (a) Photosynthesis will take place and glucose will be produced
- (b) Photosynthesis will take place and starch will be produced which will turn the mixture turbid
- (c) Photosynthesis will not take place because CO<sub>2</sub> dissolved in soda water escapes into the atmosphere
- (d) Photosynthesis will not take place because intact chloroplasts are needed for the process

# Ans. (d)

#### 5. The pesticide most persistent in the soil is:

- (a) DDT (b) BHC
- (c) dieldrin (d) baygon

#### Ans. (c)

#### 6. An antibody is a:

- (a) white corpuscle which attack invading bacteria
- (b) molecule that specifically Inactivate an antigen
- (c) component of the blood
- (d) secrection of mammalian erythrocyte

#### Ans. (b)

#### 7. ECG is a measure of:

- (a) rate of heart beat
- (b) difference in electric potential
- (c) volume of blood pumped
- (d) ventricular contraction

#### Ans. (b)

#### 8. Vitreous humor Is:

- (a) colloid (b) watery fluid
- (c) mucoid connective tissue
- (d) all of the above

# Ans. (c)

# 9. In respiration, largest amount of energy is produced in:

- (a) anaerobic respiration (b) Krebs' cycle
- (c) glycolysis (d) none of the above

#### Ans. (b)

# 10. Torpedo is commonly known as:

- (a) suckerfish (b) electric ray
- (c) globefish (d) sea horse

# Ans. (b)

#### 11. Foramen of Panizzae is found in the heart of:

- (a) rabbit (b) pigeon
- (c) crocodile (d) frog

#### Ans. (c)

#### 12. Which one of the following pesticides is banned now-a-days?

- (a) DDT (b) Eldrin
- (c) Aldrin (d) Toxaphene

#### Ans. (a)

#### 13. Camassial teeth are modified for:

- (a) crushing (b) tearing
- (c) grinding (d) cutting

#### Ans. (d)

#### 14. In the anther wall:

- (a) tapetum lies between endothecium and middle layers
- (b) tapetum lies just inner to endothecium
- (c) middle layer is the between endo thecium and tapetum
- (d) endothecium lies to middle layer

#### Ans. (c)

# 15. Insectivorous plants grow in a soil:

- (a) deficient in iron
- (b) rich in nitrogen
- (c) deficient in nitrogen
- (d) deficient in calcium

#### Ans. (c)

# 16. Aleurone grains are rich in:

- (a) fat (b) protein
- (c) carbohydrates (d) auxins

# Ans. (b)

#### 17. Meiosis can be observed in:

- (a) tapetal cells (b) megaspores
- (c) microspores (d) spore mother cells

## Ans. (d)

# 18. Which of the following is not an intermediate in Krebs' cycle?

- (a) Acetic acid
- (c) Succinyl coenzyme-A
- (d) Maleic acidCitric acid

#### Ans. (a)

# 19. The possible beneficial aspect of grazing animals is the

- (a) removal of wild animals and pests
- (b) eradication of weeds
- (c) removal of wild plants
- (d) addition of their excreta into the soil

# Ans. (d)

# 20. Carrier proteins are involved in:

- (a) transport of enzymes
- (b) water transport
- (c) active transport of ions
- (d) passive transport of ions

#### Ans. (d)

#### 21. McClintock is related to:

- (a) plasmids
- (b) retroposons

- (c) transposons
- (d) none of the above

#### Ans. (c)

#### 22. Chloroplasts of Spirogyra have:

- (a) spiral margin
- (b) smooth or waxy margin
- (c) smooth margin
- (d) none of the above

# Ans. (a)

#### 23. Vascular bundles, in which phloem is found on both sides of xylem are called

- (a) collateral (b) bicollateral
- (c) radial (d) amphicribral

# Ans. (b)

# 24. Aerenchyma is helpful in plants by:

- (a) providing buoyancy in hydrophytes
- (b) absorption in stilt roots
- (c) giving mechanical strength to plants
- (d) giving flexibility to plants

#### Ans. (a)

# 25. Who proposed the "Cohesion Theory" of ascent of sap?

- (a) Strasburger (b) Godlewski
- (c) Western (d) Dixon and Jolley

#### Ans. (d)

#### 26. A child has single kidney since birth. This variation is:

- (a) hybridization (b) negative meristic
- (c) blastogenic (d) substantive

## Ans. (b)

# 27. Why is CO poisonous for man?

- (a) CO affects the nerves of the lungs
- (b) CO affects the diaphragm and intercostal muscles
- (c) CO reacts with oxygen reducing percentage of  $0_2$  in air
- (d) haemoglobin combines with CO instead  $0_2$  and the product cannot dissociate

# Ans. (d)

# 28. Duct of Bellini opens on:

- (a) ureter (b) renal papilla
- (c) duodenum (d) DCT

# Ans. (b)

#### 29. Humus is essential for plant growth because:

- (a) it is rich in nutrients and increases the water holding capacity of soil
- (b) it Increases aeration of soil
- (c) it increases porocity of soil
- (d) all of the above

# Ans. (d)

# 30. Which of the following is viviparous?

- (a) Running birds (b) Whales
- (c) Bats (d) Both V and 'C'

#### Ans. (d)

# 31. In short horned cattle, genes for red (R) and white (r) coat colour occur. Cross between red (R R) and white (rr) produced (Rr) roan. This is an example of:

- (a) incomplete dominance
- (b) codominance
- (c) complementary genes
- (d) epistasis

# Ans. (b)

## 32. Complex tissue includes:

- (a) collenchymas
- (b) apical meristems
- (c) conducting tissue
- (d) idioblast

# Ans. (c)

# 33. Turpentine oil is obtained from:

- (a) Finns longifolia (b) Melia azadirachta
- (c) Eucalyptus (d) all of the above

#### Ans. (a)

#### 34. The sclerenchyma of the hypodermis in the Pinus needle helps in:

- (a) increasing the absorptive surface of the cell
- (b) checking transpiration
- (c) mechanical support
- (d) photosynthesis

# Ans. (c)

# 35. Sponges are:

- (a) pelagic (b) free-swimming
- (c) planktonic (d) sessile

#### Ans. (d)

#### 36. Schistosoma is a parasite found in:

- (a) testes of frog (b) liver
- (c) intestine (d) blood

#### Ans. (d)

# 37. The recent model for plasma membrane proposed by Singer and Nicolson is

- (a) molecular-lipid model
- (b) lamellar model
- (c) unit membrane model
- (d) fluid mosaic model

#### Ans. (d)

#### 38. Cells obtained from cancerous tumors are known as:

- (a) hybridomas (b) myelomas
- (c) polyclonal cells (d) monoclonal cells

#### Ans. (b)

#### 39. Significance of meiosis lies in:

- (a) reduction of chromosome number to one ha If
- (b) maintaining consistency of chromosome number during sexual reproduction
- (c) production of genetic variability
- (d) all of the above

#### Ans. (d)

#### 40. Which is the connecting link between glycolysis and Krebs' cycle?

- (a) Acetyl Co-A (b) Pyruvic acid
- (c) Both 'a' and 'b' (d) None of these

#### Ans. (a)

#### 41. Mark the correct sequence:

- (a) Anthesis —> Meiosis —> Pollination —> Syngamy
- (b) Pollination —> Meiosis —> Anthesis —> Syngamy
- (c) Anthesis —> Pollination —> Meiosis —> Syngamy
- (d) Anthesis —> Meiosis —> Pollinatio —> Syngamy

#### Ans. (a)

# 42. The relationship between the alga Microcystis and the surrounding fauna corresponds to:

- (a) ammensalism (b) parasitism
- (c) predation (d) exploitation

#### Ans. (a)

#### 43. Lipofucsin granules are found in:

- (a) nerve cell (b) cardiac muscle
- (c) red muscle (d) cartilage

#### Ans. (a)

# 44. Camel in its hump stores:

- (a) water for emergency
- (b) fat for emergency
- (c) both fat and water for emergency
- (d) fat and proteins as reserve food for emergency

# Ans. (b)

### 45. Arrangement of three successive bases in the genetic code signifies:

- (a) protein (b) nucleic acid
- (c) plasmids (d) amino acids

## Ans. (d)

#### 46. Potato is a native of:

- (a) Brazil (b) Peru
- (c) Panama (d) Mexico

#### Ans. (b)

## 47. The anthers in Solanaceae are:

- (a) monothecus, introse
- (b) dithecus, extrose
- (c) dithecus, introse
- (d) monothecus, extrose

## Ans. (c)

#### 48. In India there is decline in female population as compared to males, this is because of:

- (a) less female reach reproductive age
- (b) number of female children are born less as there is more chance of prenatal death in case of femalechild
- (c) female infanticide
- (d) all of the above

# Ans. (c)

# 49. During embryonic development endoskeleton and muscle develop from which germinal layer?

- (a) Ectoderm (b) Endoderm
- (c) Mesoderm (d) Blastopore

#### Ans. (c)

# 50. The semen fluid consists of sperm cells and secretion from:

- (a) seminal vesical, prostate gland, cowper's gland
- (b) seminal vesicle, testis, uterus
- (c) seminal vesicle, prostate gland, testis
- (d) seminal vesicle, cowper's gland and testis

#### Ans. (a)

# 51. The peculiar feature of Marchantia plamata is:

- (a) absence of gemma cup
- (b) presence fo androgynous receptacles
- (c) absence of elaters
- (d) all of the above

# Ans. (b)

# 52. Pneumatophores are positively:

- (a) geotropic (b) phototropic
- (c) aerotropic (d) rheotropic

#### Ans. (c)

#### 53. Entry of pollen grain through micropyle is called:

- (a) porogamy (b) chalazogamy
- (c) allogamy (d) geitnogamy

#### Ans. (a)

# 54. A change in the relative abundance of an allele (the allelic frequency) within a population, over a succession of generations is called:

- (a) micro evolution
- (b) macro evolution
- (c) co-evolution
- (d) phylogenetic evolution

#### Ans. (a)

## 55. The early man whose skeleton is almost indistinguishable from that of modem man is:

- (a) Neanderthal man (b) Peking man
- (c) Homo erectus (d) Cromagnon man

#### Ans. (d)

### 56. Which of these is based on magnetic resonance?

- (a) EEG (b) CT scanning
- (c) NMR scanning (d) PET scanning

#### Ans. (c)

### 57. Broad spectrum antibiotic:

- (a) acts on all bacteria and virus
- (b) is effective in very small amount
- (c) acts on both pathogen and host
- (d) acts on a variety of pathogenic microorganisms

#### Ans. (d)

#### 58. 'Tunnel vision' is associated with:

- (a) alcoholism (b) smoking
- (c) drug addiction (d) epilepsy

#### Ans. (a)

# 59. In his bacteriophage experiments, Hershey and Chase demonstrated that DNA is genetic material in

- (a) TMV
- (b) Escherichia coil
- (c) T2 bacteriophage
- (d) Diplococcus pneumonia

#### Ans. (c)

# 60. Man whose fossils were found in Shivalik hiUs:

- (a) Ramapithecus (b) Pithecanthropus
- (c) Australopithecus (d) Sinanthropus

#### Ans. (a)

# 61. Which of the following is autotrophic:

- (a) virus (b) mycoplasma
- (c) Nostoc (d) all of these

#### Ans. (c)

# 62. Germination of pollen grain on the stigma is:

- (a) in situ germination
- (b) in vitro germination
- (c) in vivo germination
- (d) autogamy

#### Ans. (c)

#### 63. The function of tracheal hair is to:

- (a) pass mucus out (b) pass mucus in
- (c) pass air out (d) pass air in

#### Ans. (a)

#### 64. In Echinodermata, tube feet are related with:

- (a) locomotion
- (b) excretory system
- (c) respiratory system
- (d) reproductive system

#### Ans. (a)

# 65. Autoradiography technique was used to:

- (a) trace the path of carbon in photosynthesis
- (b) establish that the oxygen evolved during phtosynthesis is by photolysis of water molecule
- (c) study photorespiration in certain plants (d) find out the absorption maximum of chlorophyll pigments

#### Ans. (b)

# 66. Where did an epidemic bone softening disease ltai-ltai occurred first

- (a) South Korea (b) Japan
- (c) China (d) Burma

# Ans. (b)

# 67. The trapping centre of light energy in photosystem-l is:

- (a) P- 660 (b) P- 700
- (c) P-680 (d) P-630

## Ans. (b)

# 68. The membrane which allows passage of certain substances more readily than others is termed as:

- (a) permeable
- (b) selectively permeable
- (c) semipermeable
- (d) impermeable

# Ans. (b)

# 69. Which combination of tissues acts together to provide the support to the hypocotyl of a seedling?

- (a) Epidermis and collenchymas
- (b) Xylem and parenchyma
- (c) Epidermis and parenchyma
- (d) Xylem and phloem fibres

#### Ans. (a)

### 70. The UV radiation from sun cause reaction that produce:

- (a) carbon monoxide (b) sulphur dioxide
- (c) ozone (d) fluorides

#### Ans. (c)

# 71. Slow muscle fibres are found in:

- (a) eye (b) leg
- (c) stomach (d) heart

#### Ans. (b)

# 72. 'Muscle pump' is:

- (a) beating of heart
- (b) squeezing effect of muscles upon veins running through them
- (c) peristaltic wave that travel along the alimentary canal
- (d) none of these

#### Ans. (b)

# 73. The magnitude of root pressure ranges between:

- (a) 2-5 atm (b) 1-5 atm
- (c) 0.1-0.2 atm (d) 4-6 atm

#### Ans. (b)

# 74. Guttation is a consequence of high:

- (a) root pressure (b) transpiration pull
- (c) photosynthesis (d) respiration

## Ans. (a)

# 75. Which of the following part in cow's stomach is specialised for microbial digestion of plant material?

- (a) Rumen (b) Reticulum
- (c) Abomasum (d) Both 'a' and 'b'

#### Ans. (d)

# 76. Which of the following is/are not an essential micro nutrient?

- (a) Boron
- (b) Nickel and cadmium
- (c) Molybdenum
- (d)Zinc

# Ans. (b)

#### 77. Khaira disease of paddy is caused by:

- (a) viral attack (b) Mn deficiency
- (c) MLO attack (d) Zn deficielncy

# Ans. (d)

# 78. The gliding joints are important for gliding movements. One example of such a joint is between the:

- (a) zygapophyses of adjacent vertebrae
- (b) humerus and glenoid cavity
- (c) occipital condyle and odontoid process
- (d) femur and tibio fibula

#### Ans. (a)

#### 79. The term hormone was given by:

- (a) Starling for insulin
- (b) Starling for secretin
- (c) Byliss for insulin
- (d) Byliss for secret in

#### Ans. (b)

### 80. Cushing's syndrome and myxodema are associated with these glands respectively:

- (a) aderenal, thyroid
- (b) thyroid, adrenal
- (c) adrenal, pituitary
- (d) parathyroid, thyroid

#### Ans. (a)

# 81. Opening and closing of flowers represent a kind of:

- (a) nastic movement
- (b) tropic movement
- (c) mutation
- (d) autonomic movement

#### Ans. (a)

#### 82. 2,4-D is a/an:

- (a) insecticide (b) weedicide
- (c) nematicide (d) rodenticide

# Ans. (b)

## 84. Hormone responsible for bolting is:

- (a) auxin (b) kinetins
- (c) ethylene (d)cytokinin

#### Ans. (d)

### 85. Functional kidney of frog tadpole is:

- (a) archipheros (b) pronephros
- (c) mesonephros (d) metanephros

#### Ans. (b)

# 86. Loop of Henle is meant for absorption of:

- (a) potassium (b) glucose
- (c) water (d) CO

#### Ans. (c)

# 87. In dark adaptation:

- (a) only cones are involved
- (b) only rods are involved
- (c) both rods and cones are involved
- (d) neither rods nor cones are involved

#### Ans. (b)

#### 88. Part of ear where sound is transduced is:

- (a) tympanic membrane
- (b) malleus, incus and stapes
- (c) semicircula canal
- (d) cochlea

### Ans. (d)

# 89. A microbial mutant requiring growth factor in addition to minimal medium is:

- (a) auxotroph (b) heterotrophy
- (c) autotroph (d) syntroph

#### Ans. (a)

# 90. When a plant has different types of leaves, the condition is known as:

- (a) heterophilly (b) anisophilly
- (c) myremecophily (d) none of the above

# Ans. (a)

# 91. In plants glycolate metabolism takes place in:

- (a) low concentration of CO<sub>2</sub>
- (b) high concentration of CO<sub>2</sub>
- (c) low concentration of oxygen
- (d) absence of oxygen

#### Ans. (a)

#### 92. Aristotle's lantern is a characteristic of the following class of Echinodermata:

- (a) Echinoidea (b) Ophiuroidea
- (c) Holothuroidea (d) Asteroidea

# Ans. (a)

# 93. The largest corpuscle in mammalian blood are:

- (a) basophils (b) erythrocytes
- (c) monocytes (d) lymphocytes

#### Ans. (c)

# 94. A fatty acid not synthesised in man is:

- (a) oleic (b) linoleic
- (c) palmitoleic (d) stearic

#### Ans. (b)

# 95. Which of the following cell organelle remains enveloped by a single unit membrane?

- (a) Mitochondria
- (b) Lysosomes
- (c) Nucleus
- (d) Chloroplast Directions for questions

#### Ans. (b)

- **Q. 96 to 100 :** In each of the following questions, a statement of Assertion (A) is given followed by a corresponding statement of Reason (R) just below it. Of the statements, mark the correct answer as:
- (a) If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion
- (b) If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion
- (c) If assertion is true but reason is false
- (d) If both assertion and reason are false

#### 96. Assertion: Red algae contributes in producing coral reefs.

Reason: Some red algae secrete and deposit calcium carbonate over their walls.

#### Ans. (a)

#### 97. Assertion: Insects visit flower to gather honey.

Reason: Attraction of flowers prevents the insects from damaging other parts of the plant.

## Ans. (d)

#### 98. Assertion: Coconut tree is distributed in coastal areas over a large part of the world.

Reason: Coconut fruit can float and get dispersed over thousands of kilometers before losing viability.

#### Ans. (b)

#### 99. Assertion: Deficiency of sulphur causes chlorosis in plants.

Reason: Sulphur is a constituent of chlorophyll, proteins and nucleic acids.

# Ans. (c)

**100. Assertion:** Cattle breeds can be improved by super ovulation and embryo transplantation. Reason: Superovulation in high milk-yielding cows is induced by hormonal Injection.

Ans. (b)